

By Upton Sinclair

WHAT HAS GONE BEFORE.



Dad and his young son, both dressed alike and richly, are motoring over the hills on a smooth and flawless concrete road. A barrier of purple mountains lays across the road in the distance. They approach the

Dad's regular road speed. The boy sits next to his father, eager-eyed, His father is his hero. They reach the mountains and climb higher and higher. They reach the top and continue their journey having an experience with a speed cop in which, however, they are only the witnesses. Dad hates speed cops. They recall they had both been witnesses in court during a traffic accident case. As Dad drove be mused to himsef. He used to be Jim Ross, teamster, then he was J. A. Ross and Co., general merchandise, at Queen Center, California, and now he is J. Arnold Ross, oil operator on his way to Beach City to sign a lease. Bealde him sits "Bunny" thinking of altogether different things. The two motorists shoot by many quaint roadside inns with queer signs.

They were passing through a broad valley, miles upon miles of wheat fields, shining green in the sun; in the distance were trees, with glimpses of a house here and there. "Are you looking for a Home?" inquired a friendly sign. "Santa Ynez is a place ing for a Home?" inquired a friendly sign. "Santa Ynez is a place for folks. Good water, cheap land, seven churches. See Sprouks and Knuckleson, Realtors." And presently the road broadened out, with a line of trees in the middle, and there began to be houses on each side. "Drive slow and see our city; drive fast and see our jail," proclaimed a big board—"By Order of the Municipal Council of Santa Ynez." Dad slowed down to twenty-five miles; for it was a favorite trick of town marshals and justices of the peace to set speed-traps for motorists coming from the country, with engines keyed up to country rates of speed; they would have with engines keyed up to country rates of speed; they would hauly you up and soak you a big fine—and you had a vision of these new-style highwaymen spending your dollars in riotous living. That was something else Dad was going to stop, he said—such fines ought to go to the state, and be used for road-repairs.

"Business zone, 15 miles per hour." The main street of "Business zone, 15 miles per hour." The main street of CDANTED IN

Santa Ynez was a double avenue, with two lines of cars parked obliquely in the centre of it, and another line obliquely against each curb. You crept along through a lane, watching for a car that was backing out, and you dived into the vacant place, just missing the fender of the car at your right. Dad got out, and took off his overcoat, and folded it carefully, outside in, the sleeves inside; that was something he was particular about, having kept a general store which included "Gent's Clothing." He and Bunny laid their coats neatly in the rear compartment, locked safe, and then strolled down the sidewalk, watching the ranchers of Santa Ynez valley, and the goods which the stores displayed for them. This was the United States and the things on sale were the things you would have seen in store-windows on any other Main Street, the things known as "nationally advertised products." The ranchman drove to town in a nationally advertised auto, pressing the accelerator with a nationally advertised shoe in front of the drug-store he found a display of nationally advertised magazines, containing all the nationally advertised advertisements of the nationally advertised articles he would take back to the ranch.

There were a few details which set this apart as a Western town: the width of the street, the newness of the stores, the shininess of their white paint, and the net-work of electric lights hung over the centre of the street; also a man with a broadbrimmed hat, and a stunted old Indian mumbling his lips as he walked, and a solitary cowboy wearing "chaps." "Elite Cafe," said a white-painted sign, reading vertically; the word "Waffles" was painted on the window, and there was a menu tacked by the (Continued on page 4)

U. S. LEGATION IN MONTEVIDEO SHAKEN BY BOMB

200

(Special to The Daily Worker) MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay June 4.— The United States legation was bomb

ed here today. The bomb, which had been placed in the doorway of the legation, exploded at eight o'clock.

Small damage was done to the prop-erty and no one was injured.

The police have the case in hand.

This is the second instance of bomb attacks upon American legations in South America within a few weeks.

83,000 Women Work in Mines of Japan

GENEVA. June 4 .- Japanese repre sentatives to the international labor conference here reveal that there are 83,000 women working in the mines of Japan, 48,000 of them in the darkest depths and 700 were girls of less than 15 years of age, while great numbers are only a little above that age. The Japanese government delegates expressed their regret at "the slowness" of the Japanese parliament. That seems to be the total of what is to be done about it

THOUSANDS SEEK **WORK IN THE CITIES** OF THE NORTHWEST

SPOKANE, Wash., June 4 .- Thou sands of workers are walking the streets in the cities of the northwest seeking a charge to get work. The capitalist press tells of great prosperity in the northwest and how industry is running at full capacity.
These stories get the workers to come here. When the workers come

here they find no work. They swel the ranks of the unemployed and aid the boss to further lower wages and worsen conditions.

Brick Manufacturers Seek to Cut Wages of Their Workers

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.-Miltions of bricks made by low-paid Euro-pean labor are being imported into the United States, declares the Monthly Digest, issued by the Common Brick Manufacturers' Association of Amer-

The Monthly Digest points out that European workers work for one-quar-ter of the wages paid American workers. This announcement in the em That ployers' magazine may be followed by is to an attempt to slash wages of American brick makers.

LODI POLICE CLUB PASSAIC STRIKE PICKETS

Thugs Arrest Seven Strikers

PASSAIC, N. J., June 4.-Sever strike pickets were arrested by Lodi police at the gates of Mili B of the United Piece Dye Works after they were brutally clubbed by police thugs stationed at the mill.

The 400 pickets at the gate were carrying on their picketing in an orderly manner when one of the police thugs began to bully the pickets. The pickets told his hireling of the bosses that they were within their legal rights and refused to move.

defend themselves. A number of other police then began to club the pickets.

Seven pickets were arrested.

Argument will be made for vacating the injunction restricting the number of pickets before the Forstmann and Huffmann mills to eight before Vice-Chancellor John Bentley, Monday

Union Lace Workers Aid Passaic Strikers

NEW YORK CITY, June 6.—
The workers of the B. Weinstlen
Shops, New York, have sent in their
fourth contribution for the relief of
the Passaic textile strikers. N. Goldberg, their secretary, writes "we are
sending you the small sum of \$21.49 as our fourth weekly contributi

GRANTED IN 2 MINUTES HERE

Judge Sullivan Gives Fast Writ

The quickest injunction ever handed The quickest injunction ever handed down against a trade union, was served on the International Association of Machinists, Wednesday, by the notorious, labor hating Judge Dennis Sullivan, restraining the organization from picketing the American Oven Co., Harrison St. and California Ave. plant, where the machinist have been

on strike for 6 weeks.

The bosses become desperate when the strikers' successful picketing made them fail to get scabs into the plant. They went to their willing tool, Judge Sullivan, who granted an injunction in less than two minutes, not even giv-ing the representative of the machin-ists, J. J. Uhlman, an opportunity to secure an attorney to present the case of the workers on strike.

INDICT KEHOE IN NEW YORK

Former Health Dept. Officials Implicated

NEW YORK, June 4 .- William H shoe, an assistant corporation coun sel during the early part of Hylan's administration, was indicted as the master mind in the conspiracy of nealth department officials and milk

combines to bring thousands of quarts of untested milk into New York City. Kehoe, when a member of the cor poration counsel's staff, was assigned to aid in the health department. He was responsible for prosecution of violators of the health laws.

In the three grand jury investigations that are now on in the Bronx Queens and Manhattan it was brought out that Kehoe, and a number of other health department officials, made ar rangements with various milk combines by which untested milk could be brought into the city at the rate of \$1

a can. A number of small dealers were also named in the indictments. Several prominent milk combines that are also implicated are allowed to hide behind "John Doe" and "Richard Roe" indict-

Poland's "President"



thugs began to bully the pickets. The pickets told his hireling of the bosses that they were within their legal rights and refused to move.

This patrolman then attacked one of the pickets. The strikers began to defend themselves. A number of other

U. S. TO SPEND \$268,000,000 ON **AIR EXPANSION**

To Build 3,414 War Planes in 5 Years

Naval Air Expansion.

In the senate the naval air expansion bill calling for \$93,000,000 for the construction of 1,614 combat planes, two huge dirigibles of 6,000,000 cubic feet capacity and one metal-clad dirigible for experimental purposes, was passed without an adverse vote. The bill goes to a committee to adjust minor difference.

minor difference.

Army air Expansion.

The House sent to conference committee the army air expansion bill, passed by both senate and house, which calls for an appropriation of \$175,000,000 for the construction of \$1,800 combat planes and the building of aviation personnel of \$17,000 officers. and men.

Seek Biggest Air Force. Senator Hiram Bingham, republican of Connecticut; in commenting on the passage of the appropriations declar-ed: "The United States within the next five years, will have a greater military air force in proportion to the size of the American army than any other country in the world.

Commercial Aviation.

Plans are being laid by Secretary of Commerce Hoover and President Coolidge for carrying into effect the bill that has already been signed by the president to establish a civil bureau of economics to chart air planes, hangars and encourage commercial aviation.

Monster Dirigibles.

The two dirigibles that are provided for in the navy air bill, have a gas for in the navy air bin, hat of the volume three times that of the Shenandoah and are capable of travel.

Lloyd George refused to participate the company description of the noisy Margot). MILK PROBE Shenandoah and are capable of traveling 80 knots an hour. They will be 785 feet long and 125 feet in diameter. In urging an appropriation for these two dirigibles the senate naval affairs ommittee declared: "Such an airship could cross the Atlantic ocean at sixty knots, carrying the full military load, and still have a considerable margin

ILLINOIS UNIVERSITY PROFESSOR ASSAILS THE ASWELL ANTI-ALIEN LAW

SPRINGFIELD, III., June 4 .- Professor Chester A. Graham of the University of Illinois, in an address before the Springfield Citizenship Committee at the Lincoln Library, denounced the Aswell anti-allen bill as "one of the most pernicious pleces of legislation of the last de-

In describing the methods used to enforce the bill he pointed out that even the native-born would be challenged on the streets.

"It would be necessary to chal-lenge just about everyone on the street. Even our native born would be subjected to indignity and incon-

PILSUDSKI DEFI **ACCLAIM SOVIET**

Demonstrate While New President Is Sworn

BULLETTIN.

(Special to The Daily Worker) POSEN, June 4.—General Haller, chief opponent of Marshal Pilsudski, today sent a letter to M. Rataj, president of the senate requesting the immediate release of generals cast into rison during the revolt.

WARSAW, Poland, June 4 .- A Com munist demonstration in the Polish assembly today during the inauguration of the new president, Prof. Moscicki, filled the historic castle of the Polish kings with the slogans of the

Polish kings with the slogans of the Polish proletarist.

The president had just taken his oath when the assemblage was thrown into consternation by loud cries from the Communist benches and from the galleries, "We want political prisoners released." "Give us work for the propulsed."

Long Live Soviet.

Acting President Rataj rapped in vain for order. "Long live the peas-ants and workers' soviet government," was the answer to the reactionaries'
"Long live Poland."

Marshal Pilsudski with the minis-

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 3. Appropriations totaling \$268,000,000 were made by the senate and the house for the construction of a total of 3,414 combat planes within the next five years. ters of the cabinet ranged about him sat on the platform. He was plainly disturbed by the workers' demonstra-

Mosciski repeated the oath after the acting president. He was finally officially installed and conducted out of the chamber under the presiden-tial guard's watch. It is no secret, however, that so far as power goes, Pilsudski still has what there is of it.

Plisuaski still has what there is on it.
But the reactionary national assembly will be long in forgetting the
great roice of the workers that echoed in the old castle demanding release
of their thousands of political prisoners and work for the starving unem-

BEATS ASQUITH LIBERAL GROUP

Wins Party Against Chief Opponent

(Special to The Daily Worker) LONDON, June 4. — Lloyd George, former premier and veteran of many political battles, has won a decisive victory in the liberal party over the Earl of Oxford and Asquith (former

in the party conferences dominated by Asquith during the general strike be-cause he disapproved of the attitude of that group and professed sympathy with the strike. Asouith assailed Lloyd George and tried to read him out of the liberal party and for a time rumo was rife that Lloyd George intended

oining the labor party. Carries Fight to Asquith.

Lloyd George is chairman of the parliamentary group of the liberal arty and vesterday called a meeting of the members and made a strong speech defending his actions during the general strike and justified the split between himself and Asquith with the result that practically every one present expressed confidence i

A vote of confidence would hav been carried by an overwhelming majority but the Asquith supporters pleaded to be given a chance to ac-quaint their leader with the "contensus of opinion' in an effort to neal the breech in the party. As a political force, the liberals

once so powerful in the affairs of Brit ain, now constitute a puny third party, between the laborites and the tories.

A sub a day will help to drive capital away.

State Seeks to **Hurry Death for** Sacco, Vanzetti

BOSTON, Mass., June 4 .- "The sooner the death penalty is exacted in the Sacco-Vanzetti case, the sooner the agitation we have seen will be abandoned," declared District Attorney Winfield M. Wilbar today, in connection with the alleged "bombing" of the house of a relative of one of the minor witnesses for the prosecution in the case. "I intend to go just as far and as fast as the law will allow to bring Sacco and Vanzetti to their ultimate justice." This attempt to rush the two innocent Italian workers to an

arly death on the electric chair follows close on the heels of the nation-wide agitation of protest in their behalf, and of the so-called "bombing," which is being used as a reason for hurrying

the execution. It is an indication that the protest movement which is growing swiftly day by day is worrying the Massachusetts authorities. It is clear that they intend to try to railroad the two Italians to their

death before the protest move-ment gains sufficient strength ment gains sufficient strength and momentum to put a stop to the legal assassination which is

being planned. Wilbar has announced that he intends to enter court on or after June 12 and ask for a prompt passage of the death sentence at an early date.

Protest Continues.

Protests against the proposed execu tion continue to pour in. A telegran to Governor Fuller of Massachusetts from Seattle, Wash. says: "Elected delegates representing one hundred thousand workers of Seattle in protest mass meeting assembled, passed resolution urging you to use your power to stay execution of Sacco and Van zetti permitting new evidence now in hands of defense counsel to be submitted at a new trial." The resolution drawn up at the meeting resolved that copies "be sent to the press of our city and state, and also Eastern papers so that our workers in the East may know that we in the West stand shoulder to shoulder with them in this great battle of liberation for the working class." The statement is signed by the resolution committee of the United Front Committee, Jake Miller, Frank Bostrom and George A.

Harrison. The Rochester, Minn. Trades and Labor Assembly has voted to send a telegram of protest to the Massachusetts governor and urged its delegates to work with the Rochester La. bor Defense Club in their local unions, the real estate graft of that state. The defense club has also wired a protest to Governor Fuller.

L. D. for Sacco and Vanzetti, despite of god.

The four men asked time to prove their charges against the pastor, but would be stopped by all means, in order to scare workers from attending it. The meeting, however, was held, well attended, a good collection taken and much literature sold. When Stanley Clark said, "The international Labor Defense is stepping in and will help Sacco and Vanzetti to the uteeting. Lawrence newspapers carried tories to the effect that the meeting help Sacco and Vanzetti to the utmost," the crowd stood up and cheer-ed loudly. With Clark spoke Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, Albert Weisbord, and Joseph Salerno

Engineers Draw Up Demand for Kaise

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 4 .- Three hundred general chairmen of the Bro-therhood of Locomotive Engineers from both the United States and Canada have elected a sub-committee to determine the amount of wage in-crease to be asked of the railway ines, and to report their conclusions o the general body.

None is discouraged by the report from New York that the eastern roads have refused the request for a 20 per cent wage increase to the conductors and trainmen.

Stanley Clark Tours for Sacco, Vanzetti

Stanley Clark, well-konwn labor orator, will tour the eastern Ohio nining section in behalf of Sacco and Vanzetti as follows:

Neffs. June 13, 2 p. m. Tiltonsville, June 13, 7 p. m. Powhattan Point, June 14, 7 p. m. Bellaire, June 15, 7 p. m. Other Sacco-Vanzetti meetings to eld there are:

Bradley, June 16, 7 p. m. Dillonvale, June 17, 7 p. m.

CRITICS KICKED OUT OF CHURCH

Deacons Afraid to Give Them Full Hearing

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK CITY, June 4. - The Rev. Dr. John Roach Straton, funda-mentalist pastor of the Calvary Baptist Church, induced his congregation to expel from the church four trustees who disagreed with the pastor on his mania for staging hippodrome stunts by challenging to debate everyone who would dispute his fundamentalist illu-

They also charged that he drew safaries while away from his New York church—one from the Calvary Baptist church and the other from pastorate in Florida whence he had gone to enjoy the balmy climate in

Brought Charges Against Straton.

The four members who resigned as Big Lawrence Meeting.

In Lawrence, Massachusetts, over six hundred workers attended a protest meeting under the auspices of I. the sole crime of criticizing the man of god.

The four men asked time to prove

HARRIMAN AIDS LILLIAN GISH TO **MOVIE STARDOM**

at Cleveland Meet Railroad Magnate Owns Inspiration Pictures

> NEW YORK, June 3 .- W. Averill larriman, millionaire railroad nate, was the dominant power behind the rise of Lillian Gish, movie actress, and the financial backer of the Inspiration Pictures, Inc., and aided to produce the "White Sister," in which Lillian Gish starred, These facts were brought out in the perfury trial of Charles H. Duell, president of Inspiration Pictures, Inc., by J. Boyce Smith, one of the former heads of the Smith, one of the former heads of the ompany

> Smith declared that Harriman deposited \$250,000 in bonds in the cor-porate treasury when it was organ-ized and advanced \$150,000 towards the production of the "White Sister' with Lillian Gish as the star. It was also brought out that Harriman was the holder of preferred stock of the corporation with a par value of \$554,-200 and held nearly 75 per cent of the

Smith, Duell and Walter Camp, Jr., were the officials of the company. Smith declared that he believed Camp to have represented the Harriman interests in the corporation

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

Beginning Monday, June 7th "THE STORY OF A BY B. VANZETT

The life story of a worker, sentenced to death with Sacco, for his battles for his class.

EGYPT YIELDS TEMPORARILY TO JOHN BULL

Fake Independence Is Zaghloul Issue

(Special to The Dally Worker)

LONDON, England, June 4 .- The British foreign office has issued a statement to the effect that Zaghlou Pasha, Egyptian nationalist leader and former premier, who was deposed after the assassination in 1924 of the sirdar, Sir Lee Stack, will not take the premiership of the new government, but that the office will be taken by Adly Pasha, when and if the present lackey of British imperialism Ziwar Pasha, resigns.

The nationalist party of Zaghlou won an overwhelming victory in the recent elections in spite of every ef-fort on the part of the British backers of Ziwar Pasha, the premier and Fuad, the puppet king, to brand the

British imperialism used the secult tal of six men charged with various political crimes against Britain to political crimes against Britain to chicago LABOR fist.

It is probable that the Zaghloulists yielded to the insulting demands of Britain in order to gain time in which to prepare to defend the independence Egypt against the invader.

Fake Independence.

"Limited independence" granted Egypt by Britain in 1922 is the most flagrant fraud, some of the conditions being that Britain is responsible for the defense of Egypt (meaning armed invasion under the pretext of maintaining defensive forces in that coun try), control of foreign affairs, protection of foreigners, protection of the Suez canal and control of the Sudan. Because Zaghloul refuses to accept

such terms, Britain claims that he The logic of events will drive the

Egyptians to take up arms against British despotism and the Baldwin government is rather uneasy abou the situation and is preparing for the impending colonial uprising that appears inevitable at this time

New York Passaic Strike Relief Meeting Postponed to June 11

(Special to The Daily Worker) NEW YORK, June 4.-Meeting for Passaic strike relief, under the auspices of Council No. 2, Bronx, of the United Council of Working Class Housewives, which was to be held tonight at Bakers' Hall, 1570 Web. ster avenue, Bronx, has been postponed to Friday, June 11.

OUESTIONS FOR CLASS IN MARX'S 'CAPITAL' ON MONDAY, JUNE 7

The class in Marx's "Capital" will meet Monday, June 7, as usual at 8 p. m., at 19 South Lincoln St. New students are welcome to Join, The assignment for this week is from pp 619-944. If possible bring the following questions in writing. Gertrude Brown will lead the dis-

What is the value of knowing the relative price of labor?
2. Define money,
3. Distinguish between money

and capital. What is a capitalist?

4. On the basis of the first half of the lesson-in what sense is it true that workers are not paid for their labor?
5. What is the source of the

money used by the capitalist?

for wages, for rent, for machinery,

(d) for his individual consup-

6. What are the fundamental conditions for capitalist production?
7. What is meant by the perpetuation of the laborer?

8. Explain simple reproduction?
9. What is the difference, between production consumption and Individual consumption of the la borer? How are they inter-related? What is the difference in a Commun

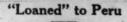
Define "accumulation of cap-Ital," and compare with simple re-

IN SPOKANE, WASH.

You can buy The Daily Worker and The Workers Monthly at the cigar store

> S. P. JACOY, N. 230 Stevens.

Drop over for a paper and a smoke!





States Navy, was sent by his depart-ment down to Peru to organize an air service for that country. Anybody who thinks this gentleman was "loaned" for nothing, knows little about how United States Imperialism operates in a country with so much good meta and with so many potential and cheap slaves as Peru has,

RALLIES TO AID SACCO-VANZETTI

Conference on June 11 to Organize Campaign

The campaign of the labor move ent to save Sacco and Vanzetti increases its force in the Chicago distriot as the various delegates are being chosen by the organizations to the Chicago Sacco-Vanzetti conference to such terms, Britain claims that he has sacrificed the "independence" of Well street, in Hall No. 304. The conference was initiated by the Interna-tional Labor Defense.

Delegates Elected

The Machinists' District Council, the Joint Board of the International Garment Workers' Union, Ladies' Restaurant Emloyes No. 7, Bakers' Union No. 237, Watch and Clock Makers, Wood Turners, Wood Carvers Association, Painters' No. 199, the Workmne's Sick and Death Benefit Fund No. 249, etc., have elected dele-

In addition, the 27 organizations affiliated to the I. L. D. locally will, ers No. 39 I. L. G. W. No. 104 and No. 5, branches of the W. S. D B. F., Workmen's Circle, and others.

The conference will go into the Sac-co-Vanzetti case thoroly, with complete reports, and take up ways and means of rallying Chicago organizations for a great campaign to arouse and release of the two victims of the Massachusetts frame-up.
All labor bodies and sympathetic

organizations are invited to send delegates to the conference.

Meeting in South Chicago.

The workers of South Chicago are tian National Home, 9616 Commercial avenue at 8 p. m., the speakers being Marx Schachtman, editor o fthe Labor Defender, who will speak in English, and M. Krasic of the I. L. D. who will

McSWIGGIN AND **GUNMEN STUFF BALLOT BOXES**

As the special grand jury impaneled to investigate the murders of Assist-ant State's Attorney William H. Mc-Swiggin and his two bootlegger pals neared adjournment, McSwiggin's ame was brought into an election w in which Municipal Judge Daniel Trude is demanding a recount of

The late assistant state's attorney is arged with having taken part in inridating voters and election officials. Judge Trude, in a petition asking for the recount, filed in superior court,

harges that: as persons conspicuous for their sin-ter activity was James Doherty, the Rapids quota of 7,000 points in The same man who was recently prose-cuted by William McSwiggin, and who, mobile in Cicero with McSwiggin, James Duff and two other persons whose identity have not been revealed; friends in life, companions in the companion in the companions in the companion in the comp

PROGRESSIVES IN CARPENTER UNION IN DEBATE DEFY

Johannsen Challenger Reactionary Leader

Chicago carpenters are anticipatin the appearance at a mass meeting which is scheduled to be held tomorrow in Douglas Park Auditorium of Charles H. Sands, secretary-treasurer of the Chicago Council of Carpenters, to an-Chicago Council of Carpenters, co answer a challenge to debate issued by Anton Johannsen, a prominent member of the carpenters' union, on behalf of the United Progressive Caucus of carpenters, which is contesting the forthcoming elections with the candidate. dates of the conservatives led by Harry Jensen and Mr. Sands. Former S. L. P.

Sands, who is an ex-member of the Socialist Labor Party, once an avowed advocate of revolution and overthrow of the capitalism system, now looks with ill-concealed displeasure on that section of the membership of the cra-penters union which has for its object the development of that organization into a fighting instrument for the overthrow of the capitalist system of roloitation. In fact, union carpenters declare

that he does not even stop at attack ing Soviet Russia, where the workers

The Challenge.

In a recent speech made by Mr.
Sands before Local Union No. 62 he
challenged Brother Johannsen to debate, charging the Progressive Caucus with receiving its orders from Soviet

Brother Johannsen immediately accepted the challenge and in a letter to Mr. Sands offered to meet him in Douglas Park Auditorium tomorrow at 4 p. m., Mr. Sands to be free from at 4 p. m., Mr. Sands to be free from all liability for expense of the hall. The carpenters are doubtful that Mr.

A prominent member of the carpenters' union declared to a DALLY WORKER reporter that Sands was once the foe of reformism and was the editor of the Sveniska Socialisten, now the Ny Tid, organ of the Swedish language section of the Workers (Communist) Party. Progressive carpenters apply the term 'renegade" to Mr. Sands because of his retreat from the advanced position which he once held.

Elections June 12.

The elections for officers of the district council will be held on June 12. The progressives have a full ticket in the field against the reactionaries, led

UNITED STATES

Barrage Both Peoples with Patriotism

(Special to The Daily Worker) TOKIO, June 4. - That the Geneva 'disarmament" parley, where the United States and Japan tried to disarm each, is but part of the preparation for war, is seen by the way both nations are preparing their populations by patriotic propaganda for war.

Japanese magazine cury articles agitating for war upon the United States. Teisuka Aklyama, who, because of his political influence with sion law, is nearing its fulfillment.

"That phrase was a warning from heaven, which God spoke thru the pen of a clumsy diplomat," he says. Seijiro Kawashima, a famous pol-tical writer says that the question of population is one of life or death to Japan. "One evil spirit restrains Japan's desire for friendship with America, Australia, Africa and others—the

United States. Not only do they ex-clude Japanese themselves, but they encourage other to exclude us. Japan can no longer stand such injustice The Japanese-American war has been decreed by heaven." This is the Japanese version of the outcome of the imperialist conflict be-tween the two nations for domination

General Meeting of W. P. in Grand Rapids

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., June 4. general membership meeting of the cal Workers (Communist) Party will be held Monday, June 7, 8 o'clock at the down town headquarters, 211 Monroe Ave.

he recount, filed in superior court, harges that;
"Large numbers of ballots were unawfully cast, counted and tallied for a new city executive committee, as persons conspicuous for their sinless persons conspicuous for the sagenda for this meeting include the election of a new city executive committee, and the sagenda for this meeting include the election of a new city executive committee, and the sagenda for this meeting include the election of a new city executive committee, and the sagenda for this meeting include the election of a new city executive committee, and the sagenda for the points on the agenda for the points on the agenda for the points on the agenda for the points on the points on the points of the point tendance of each member is absolutely necessary. Comrades will show

WORKER with you to the shop

Rubber Guardian



Ever since Herbert Hoover threw a fit about Britain's rubber monopoly he has been scouting around for a rubber expert to look after the sup plying of American rubber manufac-turers with a cheaper product. From now on Everett G. Holt will act as lialson officer between the rubber grower and the department of commerce to get cheaper raw gum for Mr. Goodrich and Mr. Firestone. Did you ever hear of the department of labor attempting to get cheaper food

QUARREL OVER OTHERS' ARMS

Geneva Scene of Fake "Disarm" Meeting

(Special to The Daily Worker) GENEVA, June 4. France and the little entente," together with Italy, are giving the big boys of the league of nations conference on arms a chance to spilt hairs, as all angle for advantage trying to disarm the other fellow while keeping their own forces

fellow while keeping their own forces untouched.

The French submitted a definition of the peace-time armaments specifying "material and live stock in the service in the army and navy and air force in time of peace."

What "in Service" Leaves Out. It is pointed out that this quietly provided that even battleships made ready for war could be built at will without being counted as armaments "in service" until, when necessary to use them, the fire could be built under the boilers, the flags, raised and the the boilers, the flags raised and the fleet sent to sea. The the doughboy might be listed as

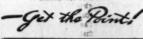
the "tire stock," especially when covered with cooties, the French have a provision similar to the one on materials to apply to man power, no reserves being counted as peace-time forces. This coincides with the desires of the United States, which has no-intention of letting her militarist schemes for a great army reserve be prevented, by the league of nations or

Brazil Plans Strike Breaking. The French proposal provided, how ever, that police, forest guards and all forces "available without mobilization expected to turn out in large numbers with emission of the two workers. The meeting will be held at the Croates the workers. The meeting will be held at the Croates the workers. The meeting will be held at the Croates the workers would be counted the control of the two workers. The meeting will be held at the Croates the workers would be counted, therefore, will be way. Brazil objected. THREE JURORS

strikes that way, Brazil objected.

The French replied that calling out militia to break strikes was not mo bilization, therefore such militia had to be counted as peace-time effectives. Brazil was voted down thirteen to three, including the United States, not voting.

SEND IN AISUB!



THE SECOND ISSUE OF THE LIVING NEWSPAPER WILL APPEAR TOMORROW

In addition to the picnic and the ninth issue of the Prolet-Tribune to be given tomorrow by the Rus-slan, Ukrainian and Polish workers clubs at Marvel Inn Grove, Milwaukee Ave., opposite Adalbert Cemetery, The DAILY WORKER builders and worker correspondents of Chicago are going to have their second issue of the English living newspaper.

Fred Ellis will be the cartoonist of the living newspaper. Tickets for the picnic are for sale at the follow

Ing places: Workers House, 1902 West Division St.; Russian Co-operative Res-taurant, 1734 West Division St.; DAILY WORKER office, 1113 West Washington Bivd. Tickets can also be had from the members of the Russian, Ukrainian and Polish work-ers' clubs. Ticket bought in advance are 40 cents, At the gates0

Bathtub Orgy Not an Isolated Incident in Life of Bourgeoisie

By J. LOUIS ENGDAHL.

CAPITALIST morality again claims CAPITALIST morality again claims it has been vindicated. Earl.. Carroll, producer of risque shows on Broadway, has been sentenced to a year and a day's imprisonment. It is risky to go the limit, even on New York's Great White Way. But it seems that hiring a 17-year-old girl to bathe nude in a bathtub of champagne, while debauched parasites drank their fill, didn't constitute "the limit." That came when Carroll, the showman, failed to tell "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth" to the grand jury that investigated the bacchanal. Sacred capitalist "justice" must not be capitalist "justice" must not be trifled with.

It is poor old Arthur Brisbane, Hearst's editorial buffoon of the kept

press redlights, who whispers:

"Mr. Carroll, who hired a girl of
to appear naked in a bathtub
partly filled with alleged champagne, is fined \$2,000 and sentenced to prison for one year.

"But he is punished for lying to

the grand jury, not for outraging public decency and contributing to the degradation of a 17-year-old girl.

Yet it was a Hearst editor, Philip Payne, of the New York Mirror, who was at the bathub side as a mem-ber of what Carroll calls " a private gathering attended by ladies and gentleman." Carroll compared the Hearst-Brisbane kept man with Judas who betrayed the Christ for 30 pieces of silver when he declared bitterly after receiving sentence

"For 30 picas of type he broke a story which not only broke one of the cardinal rules of friendship, but also proved that a gentleman, who is always a reporter cannot always be a gentleman. I understand that Mr. Payne's salary increases with the circulation of his paper."

Thirty picas of type constitute about five inches in a column. That isn't much in the day's work of the capitalist press. No more than the giving of a bathtub orgy is part of the activities of the American stage. But they are symptoms of the disease that permeates both.

Hearst started "The Mirror," a schold sheet to compete with the

tabloid sheet, to compete with the Daily News, another tabloid, the first of its kind in New York, launched by the Chicago Tribune The tabloids revel in smut. "Every reporter a snooper!" is the com-mand of the editors that rally the hired writers to their daily tasks. The editor, Philip Payne, was at the Carroll party in his role of "snooper" who knew that five picas of type would quickly expand into many pages of type and pictures as days wore on, the stuff that gets circulation.

Carroll dragged the stage into the gutter with his party, in full view of the nation, and thus became partner with Payne, the editor of a gutter newspaper that finds its sustenance in the social fifth of the capitalist order that rules in the land. Carroll's shows cater to the "tired business man" just as the Hearst Brisbane-Payne newspapers offer

ARE CHOSEN IN

So far but three jurors have been

chosen in the trial of Martin Durki

for the murder of the red-baiting Fed

eral Agent Edwin C. Shanahan. The

three are: Benjamin Affleck, president

of the Universal Portland Cemen

store salesman, and William J. Dawe, an industrial engineer at the Western

Electric company.

The state has announced that thes

three are acceptable. The defense declares that so far they see no reason to challenge them. The picking of the

jury goes on slowly. Most of those called seek to evade jury service.

Speak in Chicago to

Clarence Darrow, famous labor

wyer, will speak at the Passaic De-ense meeting to be held Wednesday,

Tune 16, 8 p. m., at the Plasterers' Temple Hall, 1644 West Van Buren

treet. Darrow's subject will be "The

ourts, the Law and the Workers.

The speaker and the subject is ex-

pected to attract an overflow audi

who has been in the struggle with the textile workers of Passaic, will tell the story of "What I Saw in Passais."

WRITE AS YOU FIGHT!

e. But in addition another fam-labor orator, Stanley J. Clark

Aid Passaic Strikers

Clarence Darrow to

mpany; John Dyke, loop departmen

DURKIN TRIAL

themselves as narcotics to the far-ged minds and tired bodies of work-ers dragged thru the daily grind of America's metropolitan maelstrom.

Not that the stage generally under capitalism is on any plane higher than the level of Carroll's bathtub, nor the capitalist press as a whole any degree less flithy than the Hearst sheets. They merely try to appear so, veneered with the fake respec-tability that prompted Carroll to refer to his drunken parasite guests as "ladies and gantlemen". as "ladies and gentlemen."

The Chicago Tribune, for instance The Chicago Tribune, for instance, carefully publishes the Hearst connection with the Carroll party, displaying its customary "holier than thou" attitude that has placed this self-styled "world's greatest newspaper" in a class by itself, a class toward which the Hearst sheets aspire. Thus the veneered Tribune, in its more modest black attire, that does not so easily give evidence of does not so easily give evidence of mud and filth, proclaims in defense of both stage and the law, that the Carroll incident:

". . . ought to encourage a little more respect for the restraints of common decency in quarters ac-customed to immunity from public criticism which seems to have been

abused.
"But Mr. Carroll was punished, at least technically, not for scandal, but for false swearing. In this legal aspect of the case, as in the more notorious social aspect, there is acute need of the lesson given."

This is laughable coming from The Tribune, (or it might be the New York Times) with its vicious trail running a broad swath thru Chicago's whole civic history. When Carroll's bathtub party and subsequent perjury are long forgotten, the workers of Chicago will still remember the school leases secured by The Tribune thru fraud, that has robbed thousands of the working class children of the sittle education class children of the little education to which they are supposed to be entitled. Carroll's crime consisted in getting caught, or in not having sufficient power to bully his way ou of a tight situation. In that alone he has set a bad example, and must be punished. But if he will do bet-ter next time, the convict's stripes he may have to wear will soon be forgotten.

The Carroll incident is not an iso sted one. It is just another revelation of the decadent bourgeoisle seeking stimulation in its pleasure cesspools. Every day almost the saffron press reveals some new similar incident that raises another

In the days before the world war it was the Russian aristocracy that was given full leeway in the licentious life of Paris. Now this deposed aristocracy waits on the new-rich American parasites who have taken their places in the gambling houses, assignation dens and pleas-ure resorts. Carroll's efforts to bring a bit of this Paris atmosphere to Broadway was not appreciated. But where he failed others will suc-ceed. Parasites under capitalism insist on it.

MASSACHUSETTS LABOR

ORGANIZATION DRIVE

BOSTON, Mass., June 4.—The

mmittee in charge of the trade

union organization campaign for the state of Massachusetts has called a

state conference which will be held at Salem on Sunday, June 5. A number of conferences have already been held in the city of Boston.

The conference to be held in Salem

will be more of a state-wide character. All labor organizations are

invited to send delegates. Furthe

particulars can be obtained from the office of the Massachusetts State Federation of Labor, room 819, 11

Fast Freight Train

ELYRIA, O., June 4.-Mr. and Mrs

the automobile in which they were

riding was struck by a fast freight train at a Big Four crossing at Wel-

Genova Restaurant

ITALIAN-AMERICAN

1238 Madison Street

N. E. Cor. Elizabeth St.

Spaghetti and Ravioli Our

Specialty
Special Arrangements for Partie
Short Notice

ington, near here.

Hits Automobile

Beacon street, Boston; telepho

Two Killed When

ELECTION GRAFT WILL ACT SOON Will Hold Sessions All

COMMITTEE ON

Summer

(Special to The Dally Worker)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 4.—The
senate's "slush fund" inquiry, growing
out of charges that millions of dollars
were squandered in the senatorial
primaries in Pennsylvania and lilinois,
will get under way as soon as congress
adjourns, it was learned today.
The investigation will carry the
committee into each state where
charges exist that "slush funds" were
used to influence the electorate in its
choice of party candidates for the
senate. Its inquiry will cover demceratic as well as republican primaries
but the start will be made in Pennsylvania, where newspapers declared sylvania, where newspapers declared \$5,000,000 had been spent in the Vare-Pepper-Pinchot contest.

The committee will function thru-out the summer, keeping a wary ear open to "slush fund" whispers in the campaigns preceding the November

Conduct State Investigations. The committee will convene regularly thruout the summer, it was said, as the senate gave it authority to investigate the general elections to the senate as well as the primaries. It will meet occasionally in Washington, but most of its investigations will be conducted in the states where "slush fund" charges are made.

The democrats, represented by James A. Reed of Missouri, chairman, and William H. King of Utah, by an and william H. Aing of Utah, by an alignment with the progressives, will control the committee's deliberations, the progressives being represented by Senator LaFoliette, republican of Wisconsin. Thru this democratic-insurgent alliance, they hope to provide considerable cannaign amountition in considerable campaign ammunition in

considerable campaign ammunition in the next few months.

Pennsylvania First on List.

The situation in Pennsylvania will be investigated first. Later, the committee will go to Chicago to determine the truth of reports that from \$1,000,000 to \$1,500,000 was spent in the McKinley-Smith fight for the republican senatorial nomination.

If \$5,000,000 were spent in Vare's defeat of Pepper and Pinchot, it was pointed out, the amount would exceed the fotal expenditures of republicans, democrats and progressives in the 1924 presidential election. As compared to the last off-year of 1922, the

pared to the last off-year of 1922, the amount would be ten times as much as was spent by both the republican and democratic national committees thruout the whole country. In that year, the republicans reported that they spent \$489,263 and the democrats reported \$114.344. Senator Reed will call a meeting of

the committee shortly to map out a

"VILNIS" PICNIC TO BE HELD AT STICKNEY GROVE

Lithuanian Communists Plan to Launch Daily

This month marks six months since the Lithuanian Communist organ "Vil-nis" came into existence. "Vilnis" started as a weekly during the Palmer

From a four-sheet weekly with a few hundred readers it has now grown to an eight-sheet semi-weekly with thou-sands of subscribers. "Vilnis" now plans to become a daily in September. "Vilnis" is arranging a picnic at Stickney Grove, Lyons, Ill., tomorrow. All workers are urged to come to this picnic and help "Vilnis" establish it-self as a daily Communist organ in the Lithuanian language.

GRIGER & NOVAK GENTS FURNISHING and MERCHANT TAILORS

Union Merchandie 1934 West Chicago Avenue (Cor. Winchester) Phone Humboldt 270?

To those who work hard for their money, I will save 50 per cent on all their dental work.

DR. RASNICK DENTIST 645 Smithfield Street, PITTSBURGH, PA.

When a few PAINLESS treatments will permanently relieve you. Twenty years of experience curing PILES without cutting, burning or disability. Write for free booklet or call on Don C. McCowan,

George Bengler were killed instantly and their two daughters, aged eight and one, were seriously injured when WHY SUFFER **PILES**

The Party and the **Election Campaign**

By C. E. RUTHENBERG,

General Secretary Workers (Communist) Party.

Our party has before it a big opportunity in the election campaigns this year. If the party strength is effectively mobilized to carry out the program which the party has set for itself, it will not only achieve a step forward for the labor movement for this country, but will materially strengthen the party

The party has declared repeatedly in its statement of policy that the next big step forward for the labor movement of this country is the crystallization of the movement for independent political action through the formation of a Labor Party. We have set as our immediate goal the creation of a class opposition to the capitalist parties on the political field. As the next step toward developing a revolutionary mass movement we are seeking to sufficiently awaken the class consciousness of the American workers to create a mass movement to fight in their own political interests.

create a mass movement to fight in their own political interests.

The period of the state and national congressional elections offer a particularly favorable opportunity to advance this program. The election period is always a period of awakened political interest. By organizing our campaign in connection with the elections and at the same time raising the issues affecting the life of the workers and exploited farmers, we take advantage of the favorable conditions to put our program into effect.

ORGANIZATIONAL FORMS.

In outlining its campaign for the United Labor ticket in the elections this year, the party has not laid down any hard and fast organization forms for placing such a ticket in the field. Its goal is the crystallization and organization of a Labor Party. The party will co-operate with the existing labor parties and farmer-labor parties. It will endevor to organize labor parties where favorable conditions for the success of its efforts develop. If this goal cannot be achieved, the party will support the efforts to put United Labor tickets in the field through united front organization formed for the election campaign. The nomination of a United Labor ticket by a united front conference and the carrying on of an aggressive campaign in support of such a ticket will be the best possible means for the reaching of the goal of the actual organization of a Labor Party. Where the party cannot achieve the placing of a united labor ticket in the field, then it will nominate its own candidate and raise its own banner and thus create the railying point for

the workers in the election campaign.

The 1926 elections and the party campaign in connection therewith, must be considered as preparation for the effort to build a Labor Party on a national scale for the 1928 presidential election. Past experiences make certain that the movement for independent political action by the workers and exploited formers will gain increased momentum as the presidential election approaches.

THE PARTY RESPONSIBILITY.

The success of the program outlined by the party depends upon the mobilization of the full strength of the party in this campaign. Half-hearted efforts will not succeed. Every district committee and city committee must immediately make a survey of the field and concentrate all the forces at its

command in an effort to atimulate the movement for united front conferences and the nomination of a united labor ticket.

The most important field for the activities of the party are the trade unions. Our success in rallying support of the trade unions will determine the success of the whole campaign. The slogan of a united labor ticket in the 1926 elections must immediately be raised in every local union and central body where we have party members or sympathizers. A systematic campaign for support of such a conference must be carried on. At the same campaign for support of such a conference must be carried on. At the same time, efforts must be made in other workers' organizations. We must deavor to draw other existing political organizations of workers into the movement. We must extend the campaign to the labor fraternal organiza tions and the co-operatives.

There exists a large body of continent for independent political action for which leadership and direction is necessary. The party must show that it is really the developing vanguard of the labor movement by giving it lead-

THE PARTY ASSESSMENT.

The central committee of the party has levied an assessment of 50 cents per member on the party to create a fund for the beginning of this work. The response to this assessment will show the measure of support which

the party is giving to this campaign.

It should be a matter of pride for every member of the party to place this assessment stamp in his book and to do it immediately. The response to the assessment will not only measure the interest and support of the election campaign, but it will be an indication of the present strength of our party. It will show how the party stands after the reorganization on the basis of the shop and street nuclei.

The secretary of every party nucleus must make it his duty to see that every member promptly pays the assessment and that the funds are forwarded to the national office so that the work of sending out speakers, printing literature and other means of supporting the election campaign can be

THE MEMBERSHIP DRIVE.

Every campaign of the party must not only be a campaign to extend in fluence and leadership of the party, but also a campign to strengthen the party organizationally. Our party often forgets this in its work. It does not always remember that the building of a powerful Communit Party ornot always remember that the building of a powerful Communist Party organizationally is a nessential part of our task in the United States. The party influence among the masses far outruns its own organized strength. While the party influence among the masses is on the increase, the party has neglected that part of its work which consists of drawing new blood into the party and thua strengthening itself for leadership.

This error in our work must be remedied in the election campaign. We must take part of the general campaign to lead the working class a step forward through crystallizing the movement for independent political action a campaign for building up the leadership of the labor movement in this shops. As the workers must punch the time clock grow over it. We know why he is sore. He's sore because he has to pay us for every minute they are late, they boilt down their food.

Seek to Divide Girls.

"The otor ind out that much time to reach the company cafteria. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls working in the shop. Most of the workers are forced to the very sunt that much time to reach the company cafteria. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls working in the shop. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls working in the shop. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls working in the shop. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls work done in the lime to reach the company cafteria. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls working in the shop. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls working in the shop. Most of the workers are forced to the Negro girls work in the Negro girls work that much time to reach the company cafteria.

We plan the lime to reach the company cafteria.

Most of the workers are forced to the workers are forced to the Negro girls work that if he work ers must punch the time to reach the company. But the leadership.

The later are forced to the workers are forced to the union."

But he'll soon find out that if he work

country, that is to build a Communist Party,

The central committee has set as its goal of this year's work of the party, to recruit for the party a sufficient number of new members to give the reorganized party an organized atrength of at least twenty thousand dues paying members by the end of the year. That means drawing back Into the party members who did not register in the reorganization or new members up to a total of eight or ten thousand.

"A Mass Movement Against Capitalist Parties in the Elections" and "Ten Thousand New Members for the Communist Party" are the slogans which must guide the party work.

A FORWARD MOVEMENT.

The party is enterting a new era of achievement. It is breaking its influence. The election campaign will carry this work forward with big strides. The period of pessimism and doubt for the pending.

The party is enterting a new era of achievement. It is breaking its case three were discharged, while the case against the other nine is still pending.

Due to the spy system maintained the property of the party is necessary for the party in the bases, it is necessary for the sely knit ideologically.

This is the spirit which is growing in the party. It must be extended

to every member of the party. It is in this spirit that the election campaign

must be carried on.

Forward to work and aphlevement for the revolution movement is the slogan which must dominate every member and which must be expressed in work for the party.



THE SECOND PRIZE WINNER |

SLACK PERIOD

Half of the Workers Are Laid Off

By a Worker Correspondent, ELIZABETH, N. J., June 4.—The Durant Automobile Works here em-ploys about 4,000 workers in "normal" times. At present only half the force is working as it is now the 'slack' period, which may last for the next three months.

Workers Fear Slack Period. One of the clubs the bosses hold over the heads of the workers is the slack period. If a worker does not work fast enough he is in danger of being iaid off during these periods. The workers, in order to avoid being laid off in slack periods, vie with each other in speeding up in an effort to gain favor with the boss.

Rapid Labor Turnover.

Rapid Labor Turnover.

In one of the departments where the cars are sprayed with paint the odors are such that a worker cannot stand them very long. The odor goes to one's lungs. The labor turnover—as the bosses call it—is very large in this department.

In the punch press department the ventilation is bad. The noise in this

ventilation is bad. The noise in this room is worse than a boiler factory. Hours, Wages, Overtime.

Workers in this plant are suppose to work but 9 to 10 hours a day. Actually the working hours are from 12 to 14 a day. The overtime hours are paid for at the rate of straight time Any worker that refuses to work over time once or twice is laid off.

Wages are one-half what they were last year. The truckers last year made 75 cents an hour on a tonnage basis. Now they are able to make but 45 cents an hour, tho the amount of work they are forced to turn out has been increased.

The sprayers, who are on piece work, average between 60 and 65 cents an hour, compared with last year's 75

and 80 cents an hour.

The chain gang, which puts the wheels on the finished bodies, get 70 to 75 cents an hour. They were able to make 85 to 90 cents an hour easily

On the third floor, where they stuff the cushions, the girls are able to make only 45 and 50 cents an hour on a piece-work basis. This department has a great labor turnover as many cannot stand the stench.

There is but one department in which the plece-work system is not used. In that department the highest wage is 50 cents an hour. There are 24 men in the gang. There are only two of them that receive the 50-cent an hour rate. The others must work much less. Everybody is speede up. If anyone slackens down and is and half day Saturday is now in force not able to stand the pace he is immediately laid off. At present in this department the workers must turn out know what they will receive for each twice as much as they formerly did.

Dinner Half-Hour. All that is allowed for dinner is half an hour. It takes about that much

distribution two comrades were ar-rested. In the second distribution 12 have to pay union wages and have comrades from New York were arrested. They were arrested on the ordinance which prohibits "littering the streets." They were held under an exhorbitant bail. The first two One of the girls in the shop told how case three were discharged, while the 32 dresses. The union representative

by the bosses, it is necessary for the nucleus to carry on its activities very cautiously.

The shop paper was enthusiastically eccived by the workers at both dis-ributions. They are impatiently awaiting the the third issue.

ATTENTION!

READERS OF THE DAILY WORKER

All of you are invited to attend the

FIFTH ANNUAL PICNIC OF "VILNIS"

The Fighting Semi-Weekly of the Workers Party

Sunday, June 6, 1926 10 A. M.

ATTENTION!

at Stickney Park Grove

LYONS, ILL.

Your attendance will help to make "Viinis" a daily paper. There will be singing by the Lithuanian Liberty Chorus and the Chicago Future Biossoms. There will be games of all kinds, for grownups as well as children. Dancing and refreshments of all kinds.

DIRECTIONS—Take 22nd St. Kenton Car to end of line. Take Berwyn-Lyons Car to Ogden Ave. and Harlem Road. Walk couple of blocks south on Harlem.

STORIES OF LABOR!



of the best (very short) story on wages, conditions or life of workers sent in this week, the following prizes will be given and announced in the issue of June 11:

-MANASSAS, by Upton Sinclair. A novel of the Civil War. A fine addition to your library.

2-THE AWAKENING OF CHINA, by Jas. H. Dolsen. A new book of great interest to all workers.

-A MOSCOW DIARY, by Anna Porter. A record of vivid impressions of an extensive trip thru Russia.

THE THIRD PRIZE WINNER.

UNION ORGANIZES AND GROSS SHOP

Cut Hours, Raise Wages of Garment Workers

"Before we joined the union," de chared one of the Negro garment work-ers in the Ludick & Gross shop at 228 South Market street, "we had to work all kinds of hours and at the end of the week we got \$12 to \$20 a week.

Long Hours. "We had to go to work at 8:30 in the morning. We worked until about 12:30. Then we took a few bites to eat. We started to work again as soon as we finished the couple of sandwiches and bottle of milk we had. Then we worked until 6:30. That was supposed to be our earning work day. supposed to be our regular work day. After 6:30 we often worked to 8 or 9

o'clock at night.
"On Saturday we worked from 8:30 in the morating until 3 or 4 in the

Low Piece Rates.

"All our work was piece work. We did not know what prices the boss had on the piece work. We worked hard and at the end of the day we knew the number of pieces we had made, but we did not know how much we had made until pay day came around. The boss was able in this way to do as he pleased."

These conditions existed in the Ludick & Gross shop until the rank and file organization committee of the Chicago Joint Board of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union succeeded in organizing the shop. After the 35 workers, mostly Negro, were

the 35 workers, mostly Negro, were organized into the union the boss was then forced to sign a contract with

Union Shortens Hours The hours of the girls were immediately shortened. The eight-hour day garment they work on

Bosses Sore.

"The boss certainly was sore when we joined the union," declared one of

Two shop papers have already been issued by the Workers (Communist)
Party shop nucleus here. In the first distribution two comrades were arrested. In the second distribution 12

One of the girls in the shop told how she received but \$41.30 after making pointed out that this operator would have received \$72.10 in a union shop for the same number of dresses.

Union Fixes Piece Rates. "In a union shop the union decides he price the boss must pay for each garment. The decision of the union is national Ladies' Garment Workers or-

Average Wage \$1 an Hour. "The average wage that the girls in he union garment shops receive is doors.

TOMORROW!

and Ukrainan Workers' Clubs to-gether with the Daily Worker builders and worker correspondents, will be held tomorrow, Sunday, June 6, at Marvel Inn Grove, Milwaukee Ave., opposite Adalbert Cemetery, Living newspapers in Russian and in English will be the attractions of the day. Amusements, games, dancing, etc. The Singing Society of the Workers' House

promise a good time to all. Come!
Directions how to reach the grove:
Take Milwaukee-Gale car going west to the end of the line. Transfer to Gale extension line; go to the end of the line, then walk a few blocks ahead Only one fare to reach the grove.

The general admission price is 50 cents. Tickets bought in advance are 40 cents. Get your tickets in advance at the

following stations: Workers' House, 1902 W. Division St.; Russian Co-operative restaurant, 1734 W. Division St.; in the office of The DAILY WORKER, 1118 W. Wash ington Blvd., and by all members of the Russian, Polish and Ukrainian Workers' Clubs.

about \$1 an hour. In the non-union shops that we have come across we find girls working for the lowest wages imaginable. Some of the girls work their heads off to make \$15 a week For the same work in the union shops their wages would be from \$30 to \$35.
"There are no regular working hours as a rule in the non-union shops," went on the union member.
"The girls come in early in the morning and work as late as they please. The rate that is paid on plece work is so low that the girls must work long hours to make a living wage.
"There is no such thing as a dinner.

"There is no such thing as a dinne hour or half-hour in most of the shops. They eat their sandwiches as they work. After the girls in the union shops have gone home and are prepar-ing to enjoy themselves the girls in the non-union shops are still bending ver their work trying to make enough

to live on. Bosses Fear Union.

"In our organization drive the bosses do all they can to hinder us. That can be expected. The moment their can be expected. The moment their shop is unionized they must pay better shop is unionized they must pay better wages and the hours, instead of being 54 and 60 a week, are then but 44. This cuts into this profits. In a number of shops that we have already organized the bosses sought to spread dissension among the workers. They try to play the single girl against the married one and try in every conceiv-able way to get the girls to leave the by making all kinds of promises

"The other day he went among the the union is bringing many new work-



The ninth number of Prolet-Tribun garment. The decision of the union is based on the principle that each worker must be able to make a minimum of 90 cents an hour," declared June 6, at Marvel Inn Grove, Milone of the Chicago Joint Board Inter- waukee Ave., opposite St. Adalbert's It will be the first summer issue o

Prolet-Tribune. During the summer months the paper will be issued out

This Week's Prize Winners!

The first prize this week, the book "Ten Days That Shook the World," by John Reed, goes to the writer of the story, "Klansmen Fall In Attempt to Convict Negro," which appeared in the worker correspondence section of The DAILY WORKER on Thursday, June 3.

The second prize, "100%," by Upton Sinclair, goes to the writer of the story, "Durant Auto Works Now Has Slack Period," appearing today. The thrid prize, "Education in Soviet Russia," by Scott Nearing, goes to the author of "Union Organizes Girls in Ludick and Gross Shop."

The prizes to be offered next week are announced at the top of this page. Send in your worker correspondence. The address of The DAILY WORKER is 1113 West Washington Blvd., Chicago, III.

'You Can't Swim with

Y. W. C. A. to Negro Youth. BOSTON, Mass.—Large numbers of young Negroes here are incensed over the recent racial discrimination case of the New Bedford Y. W. C. A. A troop of Negro girl scouts were re-fused permission to swim in the pool of the new building. Miss Ruth Haw-kins, secretary of the Y. W. C. A., was

emphatic in her order that the pool is restricted to white girls.

That this matter of not allowing Negro girls the use of the Y. W. C. A. swimming pools is a general one was stated by Miss Hawkins, who told a reporter that the whole question is not a local one, other communities fac-ing the same problem.

Thus we see that altho the capital-

ists are glad to enroll the Negro youth into strike breaking, anti-labor organizations and there to instil them with patriotic buncombe, that on the ques-tion of equality, regardless of race distinctions, they draw a sharp line.

Soviet Authorities Co-operate With Student Delegation

The New Student throws addition light on the prospective student delegation to the Soviet Union, as follows "A group of students from Barnard College, Columbia University and other schools have organized independently an American student delegation to Soviet Russia. The Russian authorities are co-operating to the full with this group and it looks at the present writing as if the trip will be a successful one."



Read it today and everyday in The DAILY WORKER.

Flag Bill Called "Fool"

A good sample of the "fool" bills introduced into congress is H. M. 57, entitled "A bill to make the Star-Spangled Banner the national anthem . . . gled Banner the national anthem . . . and to punish any disrespect to exidentional anthem or to the national flag of the United States of America." This bill provides among other things that "any citizen who knowingly and willfully deposits . . for conveyance in the mail . . any letter, paper, writing . . containing any criticism (of) said national anthem or said national flag . . shall be imprisoned for not less than \$10,000." Perfectly good money and time, ink and paper, are spent in printing such stuff as this! We hope the bill was referred to the Gilbert and Sullivan committee for appropriate consideration and action. —Unity.

CHIGAGO NOTES. CITY ORGANIZATION CONFER

ENCE. day, June 7, 8 p. m., n street. Agendas Report of district ex

1. Organizational per

8. Sports, thirty minute A delegate from every or roup must be present.

All Chicago League members must be present at the next city mumbership meeting, which will be held Friday, June 11, 1928, at 1902 W. Division street. The report of the recent national plenum will be given by our national secretary, Comrade Sam Darcy, Questions and discussion will follow the report. Reports to the various socals thruout District 8 will fellow soon after the Chicago meeting. Locals take notice and arrange for membership meeting.

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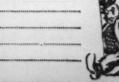
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British "Democracy" in Egypt

Only the most fanatic Anglophiles will believe that the warlike threat of Britain against Egypt is for any reason other than to prevent the Zaghloulist nationalist party, which was duly elected to power by the votes of the Egyptians, taking control of the government. The flimsy excuse for sending British battleships into Port Said and threatening to land reinforcements for the army of occupa tion that infests Egypt is that six out of seven natives charged with various crimes against British agents of imperialism were acquitted of the crimes charged against them.

Britain used the assassination of Sir Lee Stack in 1924 as an excuse to oust Zaghloul Pasha as premier of Egypt and put in his place Ziwar Pasha, a lackey of British imperialism. A few days ago the people of Egypt by overwhelming majorities and against the palpable intrigue of Britain voted to return the nationalist party to power.

The means much to the maintain at Washington, for if Coolidgeism is palpable intrigue of Britain voted to return the nationalist party of McKinley of Illinois, Pepper of Pennsylvania and Stanfield of Oregon, the

The election infuriated the imperialists of England. With a The election infuriated the imperialists of England. With a entire middle west agricultural belt nationalist party in control the British exploitation of the cotton will unquestionably fall in line and plantations that produce for British textile mills could not be conducted in such a high handed manner and the nationalists would also insist upon the right to export cotton to other countries besides Britain. Then a triumphant nationalist movement is a threat to British control of the Egyptian bank of the Suez canal, the gate way to India. This is the real menace against which British imperialism struggles. So the British puppet, King Fuad, refused to talking on the senate floor because carry out the usual procedure and call upon Zaghloul to form a Wall Street had enough votes to imway to India. This is the real menace against which British im-

To avert the consequences of such a victory Britain, "the mother of parliaments," reveals its utter contempt for democracy by throttling the Zaghloulist party which was elected in conformity with parliamentary democracy. Britain favors the democratic form as long as it serves the interests of its own ruling class, but stifles with the most savage ferocity any attempt of the colonial nationalists to control their own destinies thru the use of democracy.

The attitude of Britain toward Egypt is a characteristic of im perialist policy, which demands complete subservience on the part of colonial governments. It is one with the despotic action of the United States in suppressing at the points of bayonets the governments in Haiti and its present efforts to crush the movement for independence in the Philippine Islands.

Lowden and Dawes

The wave of resentment against Coolidge and the republican administration that is sweeping the agricultural belt of the middlewest has forced the wily politicians in control of that organization to prepare to ditch Coolidge in 1928 and run a candidate that has some chance of again hoodwinking the farmers.

For many months Frank O. Lowden, of the Pullman corporation, has been building political fences in that region and the press of the in Pennsylvania furnishes ammunition railroads and the harvester trust has been creating the myth that for Cummins in Iowa. Lowden is a true representative of the farmers just as the press of the nation tried to create the myth that Coolidge is a superman in-

stead of a nonentity raised to the presidential chair by Wall Street. But the old guard in the republican party does not depend upon one favorite alone when casting about in troubled political waters for a puppet president. Lowden is a very poor candidate because for a puppet president. Lowden is a very poor candidate because his venture into Newberryism, when his agents were exposed buying had lived all their lives; others still votes in Missouri during the campaign to secure the presidential cling to their land while the standard nomination in 1920, is still too fresh in the memory of most voters.

So, while not immediately abandoning Lowden the Wall Street directors of the republican party proceed to train Vice-President Dawes for a prospective candidate and this lackey of the House of Morgan pretends to be gravely concerned about farm relief legis-

In case both Lowden and Dawes and other candidates that will be brought forward in the next two years are discredited there is al. and not because of any inclination to ways the stable full of "dark horses," one of which can be saddled on short notice to make the run as was the case with the late Harding convince the farmers that their problem cause of one he had seen mashed on the road that morning. He running.

Perth Amboy—An Example

The organization movement now under way in Perth Amboy, New Jersey, is one of those signs which point the way to a bigger and more aggressive trade union movement in the United States.

Getting its impetus from a small strike of smeltermen in the Raritan Copper Works, the movement has grown until it embraces always unstable and cowardly element workers in brickyards, tile and porcelain factories, cigar factories and fire proofing manufacture.

The workers are joining the existing trade unions, four organizers are now in the field and what a short time ago was a desert so far as the labor movement was concerned, is now developing genuine organized workingclass activity.

Most of the workers are foreign-born and again a hoary myth has been refuted-that foreign-born workers are hostile to unions. Wages are low in Perth Amboy, working conditions are badthe usual condition in localities where no unions exist. The rise of the trade union movement there will give the worker a weapon to rates.

use against the hitherto unchallenged might of the bosses. The United States is dotted with Perth Amboys-big and little. They can all be organized.

TO CONDUCT OPEN AIR MEETINGS

INTERNATIONAL WORKERS' AID

The International Workers' Aid will conduct open air meetings for the purpose of familiarizing the workers of Chicago with the growing intensity and significance of the British coal mine strike and the Passaic textile strike.

A series of open air meetings have been arranged and will take place as Saturday, June 5, 8:00 p. m .- Corner Western Ave. and Division street.

Speakers: Jack Braden, Les'le Hurt and L. Greenstone Monday, June 7, 8:00 p. ri.-Corner Ashland Ave. and 39th street. Speak ers: W. G. Hays, H. A. Beck and Pat Toohey.

Brookhart-Cummins

By H. M. WICKS.

WHILE the republican primary con test in Iowa over the nomination no different than a dozen similar con tests in other states it deserves spe-cial consideration because many of the contradictions within the capitalist. class are more sharply brot out than

The forces supporting Albert B. Cummins, for eighteen years senator from that state, are directly connected with Wall Street. He is always on the Mellon-Coolidge side when the roll

republican who was ousted from the senate by the administration-democratic coalition in order to seat Daniel W. Steck, a Morgan democrat, speaks for the petty bourgeoisie and, whether he deserves it or not, will have the support of the impoverished farmers among the republican voters, to whom Coolidge "prosperity" has become a cynical jest. He has always been on

the opposite side from Cummins.

Next Monday, June 7, is the primary election that will decide the fate of Cummins as republican standard-bearer in the state.

It means much to the administration at Washington for 16 Coolidge fam is

stage a political revolt against the Wall Street coalition.

Wage Terrific Struggle.

ALL legislation desired by the Mellon-Coolidge gang has been put thru without serious opposition. pose cloture (gag rule) whenever they desired to get quick action. The Wall Street gang didn't need to debatethey had the votes. It was and is an ideal situation for the plunderers, and they want to maintain it, so they are concentrating their forces in Iowa, the pivotal state in the present agricultu-

There are few big capitalists in Iowa. ut many great railroads cross the state and it has always been a center of agitation against high rates and other issues affecting interstate commerce. The most powerful backers of Cummins in this campaign are the railroads, with the harvester trust throwing its influence on the side of the senior senator. Then the food trust—the packing houses and milling combines—contribute their quota to

he cause of the old guard senator. These trusts are out to slaughter Brookhart and have mobilized the most formidable array of political scouts that ever traversed the Hawkeye state in a political campaign. The ame slush fund that was bestowed so lavishly upon the Pepper candidacy

Rounding Up the Small Fry.

OWA farmers are up in arms against the Coolidge administration. For years, among the most prosperous agricultural states, they were hard hit by the corn crisis; thousands of them of living sinks lower; no amount of sophistry on the part of the administration supporters can overcome their esentment against Cummins and his

olleagues in the senate.

The debates on farm legislation now proceeding at Washington were ini-tiated for the purpose of aiding Coo-lidge senators in the coming elections solve the farm crisis, even if that were possible. Cummins is trying to ington stand appalled before its mag-But he is getting no response and has about given up hope of ob-

aining their support. In despair the Mellon-Coolidge political sharpshooters in Iowa turn from the farmers to the small towns and villages and concentrate their heavy fire there, where they hope to swing that behind Cummins. This rounding up of the small and middle business class orings into play various forces that

Small Town Newspapers.

SPECIAL agents are employed to round up the small town newspapers for the Cummins camp. This is usually accomplished thru the adver-tising agents of the railroads, who bribe the publishers with advertise-ments for which they pay exhorbitant rates. Many heavy mortgages on small printing plants are lifted when advertising contracts with railroads are closed.

The so-called farm papers operated private concerns are mere adver-ing agencies for the harvester trust, private con hich has also interests in many small ountry banks that play an important ble in modern agricultural life. Their aission is to induce the farmers to nortgage their lands in order to ob-ain expensive farm machinery on the nstallment plan, for which they are expected to pay exhorbitant prices. All of these papers support Cummins either directly by praising his alleged achievements or indirectly by assailng Brookhart as a destructive 'radi-

Only a handful of farm organization papers back Brookhart, while editors

The Traveling Salesmen.

The Traveling Salesmen.

The so-called commercial travelers, or "traveling salesmen," who are merely glorified peddlers, roam the state from town to town calling upon the petty business men and repeating the propaganda of Wall Street that is carefully instilled into their vacuous heads in "salesmen's conferences" held at the head office of the combine for which they peddle. The gaping Babbitts and yokels that operate the small town stores listen to the propaganda of the salesmen and are usually convinced that unless Cummins and other Wall Street minions remain at Washington they will not be able to remain in business.

Most of the small business men obtain liberal credits from the concern represented by the salesman and are easily persuaded that their interests are closely bound up with the desires of big business. They are mere distributors for the trusts and are economically obligated to them. Those known to have backines enough openly to oppose the cancidates of the trusts suddenly find the mselves denied the liberal credits they hitherto enjoyed and frequently have a change of political opinions after pressure has been put upon them. colitical opinions after pressure has en put upon them.

been put upon them.

The American Legion.
IN spite of the fact that Col. Brookhart is an exservice man with a record that ought so appeal to the patriots, the bulk of the American Legion, a purely petry bourceois organization in Iowa, is against him. Wall Street has been particularly fortunate in gaining influence over this element thru the fact that Hanford McNider, former national legion commander and now assistant secretary of the navy, owns a bank at Mason City, Iowa. owns a bank at Mason City, Iowa, which town he claims as his residence, and utilizes his influence to line the members of his organisation up be-hind Coolidge and imperialism, whose favorite in Iowa is Cummins.

Railroad Labor Officials.

Railroad agents and the union of-ficials unite in telling the railroad workers that any interference with the right of the companies to raise freight and passenger rates will cause deduc-tions in their wages and promise them that increases in rates will result in increased wages. Many railroad work-ers believe that sort of thing, and it is not at all unlikely that there will be slight, almost insignificant, increase in wages, which will be followed by increased freight rates, as bribes to induce the railroad workers to support the reactionary policies and candi-

Petty Bourgeole Futility.
THE powerful forces in operation in lows to swing that middle class state into line behind the program of Wall Street, which obviously is meet-ing with success with large elements of that class, is a splendid example of the utter futility of the petty bourgeois hoping to lead an effective independent political existence. In spite of the noticeable absence of great capi-talists in that state the dependency of the lower-middle and middle class on trustified industry furnishes powerful allies who act as agents for the Mel-lon-Condige defenders of monopolistic lon-Coolidge defenders of monopolistic

capital and imperialism.

With the continued increase of the power of the trusts what little independent political expression the mid-dle class now retains will be wiped out as the last stone of its independent economic existence is shattered and its members either driven into the ranks of the working class or forced to become mere distrubuting agents for the trusts.

If Cummins, the Wall Street sena-

if Cummins, the wan Street sent-tor, who, like most Iowa solons, start-ed his career as a radical and "insur-gent," but soon capitulated to the flesh pots, is defeated, it will be the achievement of the farmers and those elements of the working class of Iowa that are not under the spell of imperialism, but who have not yet ad-vanced far enough to realize the fact that republican "insurgency" is merely IN a number of railroad centers the officials of the railroad unions have come out for Cummins and carry into these centers the alliance with imperialism that was realized at Washington when the grand lodge officials of the brotherhoods and the heads of the brotherhoods and the heads of standard railroad unions put over the



door, so that you could see what was offered; and the prices charged. There were tables along one side of the wall, and a counter along the other, with a row of broad backs in shirtsleeves and suspenders perched on top of little stools; this was the way if you wanted quick action, so Dad and the boy took two stools they found vacant.

Dad was in his element in a place like this. He liked to 'josh" the waitress; he knew all kinds of comic things to say, funny names for things to eat. He would order his eggs "sunny side up," or "with their eyes open, please." He would say, "Wrap the baby in the blanket," and laugh over the waitress' effort to realize that this meant a fried egg sandwich. He would chat with the rancher at his other side—learning about the condition of the wheat, and the prospects of prices for the orange and walnut crops; he was interested in everything like this, as a man who had oil to sell, to men who would buy more or less, according to what they got for their products. Dad owned land, too; he was always ready to "pick up" a likely piece, for there was oil all over Southern California, he said, and some day there would be an empire

But now they were behind their schedule, and no time for play. Dad would take fried rabbit; and Bunny thought he wouldn't—not because of the cannibalistic suggestion, but bewhen Lowden and Major General Leonard H. Wood were out of the lem is so many-sided and bewildering that even the "best minds" at Wash on a platter two slices of meat, and mashed potatoes scooped out in a round ball, with a hole in the top filled with gluey gravy; also a spoonful of chopped up beets, and a leaf of lettuce with apple sauce in it. The waitress had given him an extra helping, because she liked this jolly brown kid, with his rosy cheeks and hair tumbled by the wind, and sensitive lips, like a girl's, and eager brown eyes that roamed over the place and took in everything, the signs on the wall, the bottles of catsup and slices of pie, the fat jolly waitress, and the tired thin one who was waiting on him. He cheered her up by telling her about the speed-cop they had met, and the chase they had seen. In turn she tipped them off to a speed-trap just outside the town; the man next to Bunny had been caught in it and fined ten dollars, so they had plenty to talk about while Bunny finished his dinner, and his slice of raisin pie and glass of milk. Dad gave the waitress a half dollar for a tip, which was an unheard-of thing at a counter, and seemed almost immoral; but she took it.

They drove carefully until they were past the speed-trap then they "hit it up," along a broad boulevard known as the Mission Way, with bronze bells hanging from poles along it. They had all kinds of picturesque names for highways in this country the Devil's Garden Way and the Rim of the World Drive, Mountain Spring Grade and Snow Creek Run, Thousand Palm Canyon and Fig Tree John's Road, Coyote Pass and the Jackrabbit Trail. There was a Telegraph Road, and that was thrilling to the boy because he had read about a battle in the civil war for the pos session of a "Telegraph Road"; when they drove along this one he would see infantry hiding in the bushes and cavalry charging across the fields; he would give a start of excitement, and Dad would ask, "What is it?" "Nothing, Dad; I was just thinking." Funny kid! Always imagining things!

Also, there were Spanish names, reverently cherished by the plous "realtors" of the country. Bunny knew what these meant, plous "realtors" of the country. Bunny knew what these meant, because he was studying Spanish, so that some day he would be equipped to deal with Mexican labor. "El Camino Real"—that meant the Royal Highway; and "Verdugo Canyon"—that meant. "executioner." "What happened there, Dad?" But Dad didn't know the story; he shared the opinion of the manufacturer of a nationally advertised automobile—that history is mostly "bunk."

(To be continued.)

FOOD FOR THOUGHT IN LOS ANGELES.

The Ginsburg Vegetarian Restaurant at Brooklyn and Soto Sts., in Los Angeles, gives out good food for thought and for the "tummy." They have donated ten meal tickets at five dollars each toward getting subscriptions for The DAILY WORKER. They probably figure it out this way: "First a worker will read The DAILA WORKER and that will make him a lot wiser. And if he gets wise, he will surely eat in this restaurant!"

Whatever way these loyal supporters figure it out we suggest this to our Los Angeles resdars: If you are a meat-eater, step over sometime to Omsburg's restaurant and nibble a carrot for a change—or some other tasty vegetable. It will do you good and they deserve to see you.

LOS ANGELES CALLS FRISCO.

Los Angeles is going good in this campaign. But their district is in the lead in the race to Moscow and they instist on getting help. At a gen-eral membership meeting they decided to challenge Frisco and here's their

"We, the members of the Workers (Communist) Party, Local Los Angeles and members of the Daily Worker Builders Club, in membership meeting assemt pladge ourselves to raise The DAILY WORKER Sub quota sesigned to our city. "We also challenge San Francisco organization to do likewise." And then Comrade and Builder Jerome Maltzoff donated \$15.00 in addition to a collection which netted a few dollars, more. That's action!

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